



Hongkong Daily Press.

ESTABLISHED 1857

The Price of Eye Strain
IS HARMED AND MUST BE REMEDIED
HEADACHES
AND ALL HEALTH GENERAL
WEAR SUITABLE GLASSES
N. LAZARUS
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIAN
25, Queen's Road Central, HONGKONG.

No. 19,412. 號二十四百九千一第 日五初月七年申庚 HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 15th, 1920. 三拜禮 號八十月八年九國民華中 PRICE, \$3 PER MONTH.

JUST LANDED

ALLSOPP'S
BRITISH
PILSENER BEER
BREWED AND BOTTLED AT
BURTON-ON-TRENT.

SOLE AGENTS,
CALDBECK,
MAGGREGOR &
CO. LTD.,
15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
Tel. No. 75

CARTRIDGES!

NEWLY ARRIVED.
A large consignment of ELEY'S
SPORTING CARTRIDGES, 12, 16,
and 20 bore, loaded with the Sportsman's
favourite powders—E. C. and SMOKELESS
DIAMOND.

THE HONGKONG SPORTING ARMS
AND AMMUNITION STORE,
Nos. 2-6, Beaconsfield Arcade.

A LING & CO.
19, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL,
HONGKONG.
FURNITURE AND PHOTO GOODS
STORE
GLASS ENGRAVING, SIGN-BOARD AND
MINOR MARKS
CANTON MASONRY OF VARIOUS STYLES
Photographic Goods of Every Description
in Stock
Developing, Printing and Enlarging
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF
TELEPHONE 1219.

FRENCH LESSONS
G. MOURSSON,
15, MORRISON HILL ROAD.

PEAK TRAMWAY CO.,
LIMITED.

TIME-TABLE.

WEEK DAYS

7.00 a.m.	to 8.00 a.m.	every 15 minutes
8.00	" " 9.30	" 15 "
9.30	" " 11.00	" 15 "
11.30	" " 12.30 p.m.	" 15 "
12.30 p.m.	" " 2.30	" 10 "
2.30	" " 5.30	" 15 "
5.00	" " 8.10	" 10 "

NIGHT CARS

8.50 p.m.	to 9.00 p.m.	9.20 p.m.
9.30 p.m.	to 11.30 p.m.	every 30 minutes
	11.45 p.m.	

SATURDAYS

Extra Car—12 midnight.

SUNDAYS

7.30 a.m.		
8.00 a.m.	to 10.40 a.m.	every 15 minutes
10.30	" " 11.00	" 15 "
11.30	" " 12.00 noon	" 15 "
12.00 noon	to 1.00 p.m.	" 10 "
1.00 p.m.	" " 2.30	" 15 "
2.30	" " 3.00	" 10 "
3.30	" " 4.30	" 15 "
4.30	" " 5.10	" 10 "

NIGHT CARS

As on Week Days.

SPECIAL CARS—By arrangement at the Company's Office, Alexandra Building, 4, Victoria Road.

Season and punch tickets available for cars, not already full, running at the rates set in the Company's time-tables, but not for special cars can be obtained on application at the Company's Office. No season ticket will be issued until payment in full has been made in Bank Notes or Cheque or Comproadors Order represent Bank Notes.

R. R. ROXBURGH,
Manager for China.

16, DES VŒUX ROAD.

THE FUJI TRADING CO., LTD.
1A CHATER ROAD, HONGKONG.

THE HUNG WAH PASTE MFG. CO., LTD.
HEAD OFFICE—HONG KONG, Nos. 47 & 48, Cross Street, District, T.S. No. 1888
MANUFACTURING OFFICE—Shanghai, Nos. 333 and 351, Dealing Road
SOLE AGENTS—Singapore, 11, Wing Hing Street, Cantonment Road, Singapore, No. 71
 (INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG) (INCORPORATED IN HONG KONG)

National industry and agriculture are being developed in the deplorable state. The Bolsheviks concentrate all their attention upon the army and schools. The troops are very disciplined and the officers who previously served in the old Russian army are much respected by the "Commissars." The schools are turned into propaganda institutions. Students are paid a salary of 3,000 Roubles a month and are obliged after finishing the university to serve not less than three years either in the Red Army or in the Government institutions.

[illegible]

Phone 3550

10 ICE HOUSE STREET

NEXT TO MEE CHEUNG, PHOTOGRAPHER.

15

THE "SNATCHING" CASE IN JUBILEE ROAD. INTERESTING DETAILS OF THE ROBBERY.

MISS HARVEY'S EVIDENCE.

The four Chinese youths who were arrested by the West Point police in connection with the highway robbery in Jubilee Road at noon on August 8th, in which a Miss Harvey, residing at Kingclere Hotel, was the victim, were charged, on remand, at the Magistracy, yesterday, with (1) highway robbery, and (2) conspiracy.

The Magistrate (Mr. Hutchison) said he did not think that the charge of conspiracy could be proceeded with.

The Inspector said that if his Worship saw the defendants' statements, he would have no doubt that they had conspired to commit theft. They left Second Street Market together with the express purpose of visiting the bathing beach and stealing bathers' clothing. They were disappointed when they got to the beach, as there were no bathers there. They had a dip themselves, and then, as they were returning home, they saw Miss Harvey. One of them said "This lady has several hundreds of dollars with her. She has just got her wages, let us rob her." With this, the four defendants and three others, who were not in custody, followed Miss Harvey for some distance. Then, as Miss Harvey was a woman, they decided that it was not worth while for all to attack her. The two bigger boys, the fourth defendant and another, under-took the work, while the others sat on a wall. After the robbery, they all decamped. They met later in a tea house and there divided the booty. They each got some 60 cents.

The Magistrate: Yes, but there is nothing to prove that they conspired to rob Miss Harvey. They did not know she was in the vicinity until she made her appearance. The most you can do is to prove conspiracy to rob the first comer. The Inspector: No, your Worship. They conspired to rob Miss Harvey as soon as they saw her coming. The Magistrate: All right, we will proceed with the case.

Miss Harvey said that at about noon on the 8th, she was coming down Jubilee Road after taking some snapshots of the hillsides, when she was suddenly struck from behind. The Magistrate: Were you alone?

Yes. Miss Harvey said that the blow was not a heavy one. As soon as she felt it, she turned round and saw the fourth defendant, who immediately grabbed her handbag, and gave it a hard tug, burning the cord.

She noticed another man approaching her cautiously. She thought that the other man looked like the first defendant, but she was not sure. As soon as the fourth defendant had got witness's handbag, the other man ran first, followed by the fourth defendant. Witness chased the fourth defendant who disappeared up the hillside. The other man ran on to the beach. Witness called out "Thief" all the way, but no one came to her assistance. After the fourth defendant had run up the hill, witness gave up the chase. She went up to some fishermen and asked them to get a Policeman and to chase the thief, but they took no notice probably because they did not understand her. She went to a friend's house in the vicinity and telephoned for the police.

The witness who was shown a handkerchief said it belonged to her. Sub-Inspector A. Clark said that about 11 a.m. on the 11th, he saw the fourth defendant at No. 7, Police Station, and the latter volunteered to take him to the hillsides where he said he had left the lady's handbag. Witness went with him to Jubilee Road. There, the defendant conducted him up the hill and pointed to a bush. (Witness searched it, and found Miss Harvey's handkerchief.)

A hawker said he was playing his wares in Kennedy Town at the time of the robbery. He saw Miss Harvey running after a man, and came to the conclusion that she had been robbed. He identified the second, third and fourth defendants as having bought food from his stall that morning.

Asked if they had anything to say, the first, second and third defendants replied in the negative. The fourth defendant said: "We were all in it, but two other boys who are not in custody did the actual robbing."

The Magistrate: But the complainant said she identified you as the man who snatched her handbag. The fourth defendant: She may allege so, but I really did not take an active part in the robbery.

The Chinese Sergeant Interpreter, attached to No. 7 Police Station, deposed that about 8.40 p.m. on the 10th, he read out the charge to the first and second defendants, and after he had warned them, they made statements which he took down and read to them and they signed as correct. The first defendant made a long statement to the effect that they met at the Second Street Market, and arranged to go to the beach at Kennedy Town to steal bathers' clothing. They had 25 liars, and as they were walking along Jubilee Road, they saw Miss Harvey coming down the road. A youth nicknamed "Mong Chai" proposed robbing her. He (first defendant) refused to have anything to do with it. Another youth nicknamed "Ah Fay" (fourth defendant) volunteered to help "Mong Chai." They robbed the lady. He (first defendant) and four others sat on a wall while the robbery was going on. When Miss Harvey gave the alarm, they all ran away. They met later in a tea house where the stolen money was divided. Everyone got 60 cents, while he (first defendant) got only 40 cents. He went to a theatre and then went home. The second defendant made an almost similar statement. He did not take an active part in the robbery. He got 60 cents out of the stolen money. At 6.20 p.m., on the following day, said the Sergeant, he read out the charge to the third defendant and the latter also made a statement, which was in effect the same as those made by the first and second defendants.

The Sergeant Interpreter, attached to the Detective Office, said the four defendants made a statement saying that seven of them went to the beach to steal clothing. When they saw Miss Harvey coming down Jubilee Road, a youth named "Mong Chai" suggested robbing her. He (fourth defendant) agreed. "Mong Chai" struck Miss Harvey, and he (fourth defendant) snatched her handbag.

After their statements had been read to them in Court, the Magistrate enquired from the defendants if they had anything to say and they all said that the statements as read by the Sergeants Interpreter were correct and they had nothing to add to them.

The Magistrate enquired from the defendants how old they were, and they gave their ages as 20, 16, 17, and 21 respectively.

Asked if there were anything known about the defendants, Inspector Willis said that the first defendant had been before the Court recently charged with being a rogue and a vagabond, and was sent to jail, while the second defendant was convicted of snatching a gold chain at Shek-tung-tai, and on account of his youth, the Magistrate had given him only 48 hours' detention and eight strokes. There was nothing known about the third and fourth defendants.

The Magistrate reserved his decision until to-day.

TROUBLE OVER A WIFE.

OBJECTS TO FRIEND SPEAKING TO HER.

Two Chinese were charged at the Magistracy, yesterday, with disorderly conduct.

Inspector Moore, who prosecuted, said that the whole trouble was over a woman, the wife of one of the defendants. He objected to her speaking to the other defendant, but she took no notice of him. Three days ago, the husband caught his wife speaking to the other defendant and blew a police whistle and gave the second defendant in charge. They went to the Central Station, where witness refused to charge the second defendant, as it was not an offence to speak to a woman in the street. The first defendant told him that he did not want to live with his wife any more, but he did not know what to do with his little daughter should he leave his wife. The witness told him to take his troubles to the Secretariat for Chinese Affairs. Yesterday the first defendant again caught his wife talking to the second defendant and again blew a police whistle. A detective took them all to the station, and witness decided to charge them with disorderly conduct in order to put an end to this nuisance of blowing a Police whistle.

The first defendant's wife who was present in Court, told the Magistrate that she did not want to live with her husband any more. He was very true to her. Replying to the Magistrate, the defendants said they did not go to the Chinese Secretariat, when the Inspector told them to, as they did not know where the office was.

The Magistrate referred the case to the Chinese Secretariat for settlement.

HONGKONG POST OFFICE. REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1919.

The annual Report of the General Post Office, Hongkong, for the year 1919, states in *inter alia*—

MAILS.
The number of mail bags and packets despatched from Hongkong during the year amounted to 144,592 as against 135,169 in 1918, an increase of 9,423; the number received was 124,734 as against 120,525, an increase of 4,209.

The number of mail bags and packets sent in transit through the Colony amounted to 90,493 as against 81,569 in 1918, an increase of 8,924.

Boxes and baskets in transit amounted to 10,100 as against 11,307, a decrease of 1,207.

6,549 steamers carrying mails arrived and 6,463 left in 1919 as against 4,501 and 5,697 respectively in 1918.

REGISTRATION AND PARCELS.

Registered and insured articles handled by the General Post Office amounted to 955,535 as against 922,635 in 1918, an increase of 32,900.

Parcels, ordinary and insured, handled by the Post Office, amounted to 519,143 as compared with 501,680 in the previous year, an increase of 17,463.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

The total revenue from the Postal Service in 1919 amounted to \$450,056.75 being \$22,923.87 more than that collected in 1918. The net expenditure after deducting the sum of \$109,821.37, arrears of Transit Charges recovered from other Administrations, amounted to \$340,234.89, being less than that of 1918 by \$33,033.87.

The balance of revenue over expenditure amounted to \$345,982.85.

The increase of revenue from the sale of postage stamps in the year 1919 over that of 1918 amounted to \$23,339.42.

MONEY ORDERS.

The year under review witnessed the phenomenal rise in the price of silver, forcing up exchange from 3s. 4d. at the beginning of the year, to 3s. 2d. per dollar in the middle of December. It was throttling the flow of inward money orders from Gold Countries and caused much consternation amongst the Chinese families who are in receipt of remittances from abroad, and who now obtained only 4s. in exchange for the pound sterling. The wide divergence between the parity value and the current rate of the sovereign in the United States money market caused great anxiety to this Office as the settlement of all balances from gold dollar using countries was fixed at \$4.87 per £1, payable by bills in London. Gradually the rate fell to \$3.77 per £1 and as the balances were invariably in favour of this Colony, no time was lost in rectifying the system of liquidation of accounts.

Although the Money Order Service with the Philippines was temporarily suspended from October 28th until January 1st, 1920, satisfactory arrangements with all countries were concluded and the basis of accounting for balances due was fixed in accordance with the unit of the currency exchanged.

Notwithstanding this universal disturbance in the currencies of the world, the volume of business in Hongkong, aided by an increase in the issue of sterling orders on the United Kingdom, has resulted in a net increase of £10,109 13s. 6d. over the transactions of 1918.

During the year 15 telegraphic orders amounting to 2,406 £s. 8d. were received and 1,311 £s. 2s. 7d. were despatched at a net cost of £261 0s. 0d. received and 25 for £269 11s. 0d. despatched during 1919.

The average cost of a telegraphic deferred rate message was \$5 as against \$9.80 in the previous year. An increase of £406 10s. 6d. took place in the sale of Imperial Postal Orders. It was noticed that greater quantities of British Currency £1 bank notes were presented at the counters for exchange and it would appear that this method of remitting to the Colony from Chinese in the United Kingdom accounts for a decrease of £4,000 in the payment of Postal Orders last year, as there is a saving of 11d. per £1 instead of 30/- where a currency note is used instead of Postal Order.

The high premium ruling at Shanghai and other Treaty Ports in China precluded the increased issue here of Local Postal Notes which declined from \$40,452.25 in 1918 to \$34,901 in 1919.

CURRENCY CORRESPONDENCE.

During the year the Chinese Delivery Section handled 2,066,990 ordinary letters, 69,007 other articles, and 6,940 postal hong packets as against 1,665,140 ordinary letters, 100,407 other articles, and 7,005 postal hong packets in 1918.

The registered articles delivered amounted to 330,138 of which 103,223 were from the United States and Canada, and 105,973 from China and other countries, showing an increase of 40,476 as compared with 222,222 in 1918.

5,742 insured letters were dealt with as against 2,400 in 1918.

The total number of Chinese private letters for which postage was paid during the year was 37,725, a decrease of 14 as compared with 37,739 in 1918.

The number of 25 Chinese hong packets received, the same number as in 1918.

(Continued on page 9, last column.)

POSSESSION OF DYNAMITE. USED FOR KILLING FISH.

At the Magistracy, yesterday, five boatmen were charged with the unlawful possession of two packets of dynamite and some fuses.

The defendants admitted the charge, and the first defendant who was in charge of the boat said that it was old stuff. They used the dynamite to kill fish. He asked that he should be given a chance.

The Magistrate suggested to the Inspector that the charge should be changed to one of dynamiting fish without a permit.

The Inspector agreed. The Magistrate convicted the first defendant on the altered charge, remarking that as he was in charge of the boat, he was the only person responsible.

The Inspector said that the other defendants were equally guilty, because the first defendant could not dynamite fish himself without the help of the other defendants.

The Magistrate pointed out that the only person who could be responsible for the possession of the dynamite was the person in charge of the boat. The other men were *fohis* and had no say in the matter.

The Inspector said he would not press the charge.

The first defendant was fined \$100, or one month's hard labour, and the others were discharged with a caution.

BASE INGRATITUDE.

BEFRIENDED WOMAN STEALS JEWELLERY.

A Chinese woman was charged at the Magistracy, yesterday, with stealing \$100 worth of jewellery from another woman living on the second floor of No. 1, Tinsong Lane.

The defendant admitted the offence, and undertook to redeem the jewellery.

The police said that the defendant was an amah. Being out of work, she went to the complainant's amah and asked her to give her food and shelter. The complainant had no objection, and the defendant stayed in the house. On Sunday morning, the defendant managed to steal the complainant's key, and during her absence from the house, opened a box and stole the jewellery, which she pawned for \$20. At the time of her arrest, the defendant had \$18.40 on her person, and the police asked that the money be handed over to the complainant towards payment for the recovery of the jewellery from the pawnshop.

The Magistrate granted the application, and sentenced the defendant to one month's hard labour.

RICE MARKET REPORTS.

Messrs. Wm. G. Hale & Co. Ltd., of Saigon, in their latest report, say:—Supplies of paddy are small, and prices keep steady, though the demand is weak, except some business which has been done of late with Japan and Java.

The Compagnie de Commerce et de Navigation d'Extrême Orient, Saigon report:—Our market is dull without any transactions, and with downward tendency, owing to the lack of business. During this last fortnight about 20,000 tons of rice have been sold to Java, but purchases have stopped and no further transactions to be registered with this country. Besides this no demand from anywhere. The rainy season continues normally, and there are good prospects of a fair crop 1920-1921.

Total amount of rice exported from the 1st of January up to the 10th August, 1920, is 506,325 tons against 600,138 tons in 1919. We quote to-day: White Saigon rice No. 2 Sifted, Japan quality Hongkong \$7.60 per picul f.o.b. Saigon for August shipment.

The revenue collected during the year from radio-telegram amounted to \$10,350.03, a decrease of \$10,841.83 on the amount collected in 1918. The decrease is due to the French Government ceasing to use the Cape D'Aguilar Wireless Station for the transmission of Press telegrams to Indo-China. Advertisements of vessels signalled at the lighthouses yielded \$470.40 and semaphore messages \$15.40, making a total of \$485.80. Expenditure amounted to \$34,150.81.

The telegraphic service was worked at a loss of \$23,314.98.

The number of radio-telegrams forwarded during the year was 1,118 consisting of 15,577 words as against 1,117 with 109,230 words in 1918, and 2,825 were received consisting of 38,191 words as against 1,475 with 19,243 words in 1918.

With the cessation of hostilities postal and mail service improved and by the end of the year approximated to pre-war conditions in regularity and frequency, though of course the direct shipping which made itself severely felt earlier in the year became gradually less acute. The exchange of direct mails with the various European other than enemy administrations was resumed by the end of the year. Mails for enemy countries were transmitted through the intermediary of the Imperial Post Office.

During the year 100 bags of reading matter comprising 2,089 books and 12,871 magazines sent by residents in Hongkong and in the Treaty Ports, were packed and despatched by the Post Office free to the Allied troops in Siberia.

M. J. Brown, Postmaster-General, Hongkong, July 31st, 1920.

BARGAIN SALE

IN OUR

MEN'S OUTFITTING DEPARTMENT

LAST DAY

Celltex Cellular Vest and Drawers	Per Suit	\$3.00
Black Cotton Half Hose, Morleys	" Pair	.75
Striped Cotton Shirts Summer Weight	each	2.50
Solsette Shirts do.	"	2.50
Pyjamas Cotton	" Suit	2.50
Boots, Sizes 9, 10 & 11	" Pair	10.00
Ties Wide End, Fancy	each	.75
Peacocks Military Socks and Ties	" Pair	1.50
Merella Pyjamas All Wool	" Suit	8.50
"BVD" Vest and Drawers Solsette	"	3.25
Summer Underwear very thin, various shades	"	2.25
Vivella Shirts, all sizes	each	5.00

Leather and Leather bound suit cases—25% Reduction.

FURTHER REDUCTIONS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

15

DICK'S PATENT PACKING

(UNIVERSAL SIZE)

SOLE AGENTS,

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.,

HONGKONG.

(469)

JUST RECEIVED

BROADWOOD PIANOS

Specially made for this climate.

The Anderson Music Co., Ltd.

117

Wm Powell Ltd

TELEPHONE 346

GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS

NEW LINES IN

FANCY WAISTCOATS

FOR

DAY or EVENING WEAR

PRICES	PRICES
DAY WEAR	EVENING WEAR
From \$4.00 each	From \$2.75 each

ALSO

GLYN'S HATS IN SUPERIOR QUALITIES

IN

STRAW, FELT & VELOUR

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

STRETHERS & DIXON, (INC.)
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM SEATTLE.

THE Steamship

"GREENLAND"

Having arrived from Baltimore via ports on Aug. 17th, 1920, Consignees are hereby notified that their Cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports & Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned. All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns where it will be examined at 10 A.M. on Aug. 23rd, 1920, by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be recognized after the Goods have left the Godowns, and Cargo undelivered on and after Aug. 24th, 1920, will be subject to rent. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

STRETHERS & DIXON, INC.,
Agents,
1st Floor, Powell's Building,
12, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hongkong, August 17th, 1920. [1345]

STRETHERS & DIXON, (INC.)
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Steamship

"ELKHORN"

Having arrived from San Francisco via ports on Aug. 18th, 1920, Consignees are hereby notified that their Cargo is being landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports & Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be countersigned. All broken, chafed and damaged cargo is to be left in the Godowns where it will be examined at 10 A.M. on Aug. 24th, 1920, by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael & Clarke. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized. No Claims will be recognized after the Goods have left the Godowns, and Cargo undelivered on and after Aug. 25th, 1920, will be subject to rent. Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

STRETHERS & DIXON, INC.,
Agents,
1st Floor, Powell's Building,
12, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hongkong, August 17th, 1920. [1346]

S.S. "PAUL LECAT"
COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES.

NOTICE

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from MARSEILLE are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed, and stored at their risk, into the hazardous and/or extra hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon TO-MORROW requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Underigned, Goods remaining unclaimed after Aug. 23rd, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before Aug. 26th, or they will not be recognized. All damaged packages will be examined by Messrs. Godard & Douglas on MONDAY, Aug. 23rd, at 10 A.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

R. BODENFUSER,
Acting Agent.

Hongkong, August 17th, 1920. [1347]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "WEST NERIS" VOY. 2-OUT.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU,

YOKOHAMA, KOBE and SHANGHAI.

THE above-mentioned vessel having arrived from the above-mentioned ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Cargo will be landed at their risk into the hazardous and/or Extra-Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that they must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports and Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading can be countersigned. All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns where they will be examined on Aug. 23rd, at 10 A.M.

All Claims must be presented within a week of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after Aug. 24th, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.

Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature immediately.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

As Operators, M/V Shipping Board.

Hongkong, Aug. 17th, 1920. [1348]

FOR SALE

NEW and COMPLETE PLANT including

Whisky Table for cranking and con-

struction One Just arrived

For 14 hours apply

OARALDO & COMPANY.

Headquarters Department

188

INTIMATIONS

CHINA SUGAR REFINING COMPANY,
LIMITED.
NOTICE

THE General Agents and Consulting Com-
missionaries, Messrs. The Day & Co., Ltd., an
INTERIM DIVIDEND of \$15 per Share, pay-
able to Shareholders on the Register on the
14th August, 1920. Dividend Warrants will
be payable on the 21st August, 1920.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from the 14th to 21st August,
1920, both days inclusive.

JARDINE, MATHEWSON & Co., Ltd.,
General Agents,
China Sugar Refining Co., Ltd.,
Hongkong, August 10th, 1920. [1324]

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND of ONE
DOLLAR (\$1) per Share for Account
1920, will be payable on WEDNESDAY, the
23rd August 1920. Shareholders are requested
to apply for Dividend Warrants at the Com-
pany's Office, St. George's Building, Hongkong.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company
will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, 21st August,
1920, to WEDNESDAY, the 23rd August, 1920,
both days inclusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,
General Managers,
Hongkong, August 10th, 1920. [1325]

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF
CANTON, LIMITED.

THE CERTIFICATE No. 1004 for one
silver share No. 1004 converted into
5 gold shares in this Society standing in the
name of GEORGE BYRON ALDERSON of Alexan-
dria has been LOST, and if at the expiration
of one month from the date hereof the above
document be not forthcoming the said certificate
will be deemed cancelled and of no effect, and a
certificate for the 5 gold shares will be issued in
its stead by the Society.

PAUL LAUDER,
General Manager,
Hongkong, August 14th, 1920. [1326]

NOTICE

I beg to inform my Customers and the
General Public that I have returned to
the Colony and established myself as a Milliner
and General Draper at No. 4, D'Almeida Street
and will carry on business as before under the
style and firm name of HIPTOOLIA & CO.

I have brought with me new goods of the
most fashionable and latest styles and ask my
old patrons and customers to extend their
support as done in the past.

Inspection is cordially invited.

HIPTOOLIA,
Milliner and Draper.

Hongkong, July 21st 1920. [1340]

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF
HONGKONG.

COMPANIES WINDING-UP.

No. 1 of 1920.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES
ORDINANCES 1911 NO. 1915

and

IN THE MATTER OF THE HASTINGS
HODGE & CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a
Petition for the Winding-up of the above-
named Company by the Supreme Court was on
the 3rd day of August, 1920, presented to the
said Court by the Hon. Wise Pien of No. 68,
Connaught Road West, Victoria in the Colony
of Hongkong.

AND THAT the said Petition is directed to
be heard before the Court on the 26th day of
August, 1920, and any creditor or contributory
of the said Company desirous to support or
oppose the making of an order on the said Peti-
tion may appear at the time of hearing by
himself or his Solicitor or Counsel for that
purpose, and a copy of the Petition will be
furnished to any creditor or contributory of the
said Company requiring the same by the under-
signed on payment of the regulated charge for
the same.

F. E. NASH,
Solicitor for the Petitioners,
14, Pedder Street,
Hongkong.

NOTE.—Any person who intends to appear
on or send by post to the above-named notice in
writing of the intention so to do. The notice
must state the names and addresses of the person,
or if a firm, the name and address of the firm,
and must be signed by the person or firm, or by
his or their solicitor (if any), and must be
served, or if posted must be sent by post, in
sufficient time to reach the above-named not-
ice later than four o'clock in the afternoon of the
Twenty-Seventh day of August, 1920. [1341]

PALACE HOTEL, KOWLOON,
Corner of Haiphong & Hankow Roads.

TWO Minutes from Ferry and Railway
station. This Hotel which has just been
completely renovated and refurnished is
now up-to-date in every respect and under
the management of English Managers.

Outside under personal supervision of the
Proprietor.

RAIL AND RAILROAD ROOMS
TERMS MODERATE.

Special Arrangement for Families on
Application to—

J. H. OXBERY,
Proprietor.

FOR SALE

NO. 1, STEWART TERRACE, ST. The

Paul.

HUMPHREYS ESTATE & FINANCE

CO., LTD.

188

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of the "Wanted"
variety will be inserted under the above
special heading at a charge of

\$100 FOR THREE INSERTIONS
if they do not exceed 35 words in number
and are PERMANENT.

An additional charge of 50 cents will be
made if the instructions for insertion are not
accompanied by cash.

Advertisers requiring their advertisements
under this head must give instructions accord-
ingly, otherwise the advertisements will be
regarded as intended to be displayed and
charged at the usual rates.

Letters are lying at this Office for
Bones P. Q. AD.

WANTED—DOCTOR. British, at
present North China, experienced in
tropical medicine, lately demobilized, desires
practice, partnership or locum tenens. Free
October. Write—Box AK, care of Daily Press
Office. [46]

WANTED to Rent—Small Unfurnished
HOUSE or BUNGALOW at the Peak.
Please reply with particulars to Box AK, Daily
Press Office. [48]

FOR SALE "ABERGELDIE" 188 The
Peak. Apply 188, The Peak. [47]

G. R.

SALE OF DIESEL MACHINERY.

TENDERS are invited for the purchase of
two sets of Victoria Diesel Machinery.
Marine Type, each set including one pair main
engines with auxiliary machinery, propeller
shafting and propellers. Each engine is
designed to develop 800 B.H.P. at 380/400
revolutions. Tenders may be for either one or
two sets.

One set is stored at the works of the Hong-
kong and Whampoa Dock Company and the
other at Hui-chow Dock Engineering Works.
Both sets are ready in cases ready for removal.
Purchaser will be required to remove the whole
of the year purchased by him from both or
either of the above works, without any assist-
ance of labour or appliances whatever from the
Engineering Companies stated or from the
Admiralty.

The Machinery will be sold without guarantee
as to condition and with all faults and errors of
description. Full particulars of the Machinery
can be obtained from the undersigned, who will
also issue permit to view the Machinery.

Tenders should be lodged at the Commodore's
Office, Hongkong, not later than 12 Noon on
MONDAY, AUGUST 30th.

H. G. LOWE,
Naval Store Officer.

Hongkong Dockyard,
Hongkong, July 31st, 1920. [1278]

A. G. DA ROCHA,
AUCTIONEER, SURVEYOR AND
GENERAL BROKER.

Queen's Road Central, Telephone No. 2932.

WEEKLY AUCTIONS
TUESDAYS—

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS.

THURSDAYS—

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

SATURDAYS—

EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURES.

SEAMEN'S INSTITUTE.

21, PRATA EAST, HONGKONG.

FOR the use of all Men of the Mercantile
Marine and H.M. Navy.

Reading and Writing Rooms, Billiard Room,
Officers' Room, O.P.O.'s Room, Restaurant,
Concert Hall, Church.

Private Cabins and beds in Dormitories.
Motor Laundry "Dayspring."

[78]

STRETHERS & DIXON, (INC.)

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SEATTLE.

THE Steamship

"WEST IVIS"

Having arrived from Seattle via ports
on August 18th, 1920, Consignees are hereby
notified that their Cargo is being landed at
their risk into the hazardous and/or Extra-
Hazardous Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon
Wharf & Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored
at Consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo must produce an
Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of
Imports & Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of
Lading will be countersigned.

All broken, chafed and damaged Cargo is
to be left in the Godowns where it will be
examined at 10 A.M. on August 19th, 1920,
by the Company's Surveyors, Messrs. Carmichael
& Clarke.

All Claims must be presented within
ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after
which they cannot be recognized. No Claims
will be recognized after the Goods have left
the Godowns, and Cargo undelivered on and
after August 20th, 1920, will be subject to rent.

Consignees are requested to send in their
Bills of Lading for countersignature immedi-
ately.

STRETHERS & DIXON, INC.,
Agents,
1st Floor, Powell's Building,
12, Des Voeux Road Central,
Hongkong, August 18th, 1920. [1323]

DELICIOUS

SUMMER

DRINKS

Can be made with

WATSON'S

PURE FRUIT

SYRUPS

Mixed with plain or Aerated Water,

Raspberry, Strawberry, Lemon,

Lime Juice, etc., etc.

Prepared from the

GENUINE FRUIT JUICE.

A. S. WATSON &

CO., LTD.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

TELEPHONE 16.

BIRTH

HOLDSWORTH—At Swatow, on the 13th
August, to Mr. and Mrs. C. S.
HOLDSWORTH, a son. [1340]

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VOEUX RD. C.
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, August 18th, 1920.

THE PROBLEM OF CHINA.

WHAT is to be the issue of the great
appeal in North China? Following
upon the spectacular entry of the
victorious Tchuans into Peking, and their
audience with the President we have had
the announcement of a new Cabinet from
which all Anfuite elements are
eliminated, but we still await a declaration
of policy—some statement of the means
which it is proposed to adopt to reunite
the country and assure to the vast popula-
tion that sound constitutional government
with peace, prosperity and happiness they
have been so freely promised by everybody
who has assumed the responsibility for the
Government of the country since the birth of
the Republic. The men who now hold
the destinies of the country in their hands
are General CHANG TAO-LIN, General TIAO
KUN and the President. One derives
little satisfaction or hope for the future
from such little mandates as the President
has issued confessing his lack of resolu-
tion and foresight, and his want of talent
and personal virtues. Most observers
will be inclined to readily endorse the
President's statement that the "outlook
is gloomy," but we could wish for some-
thing more courageous, more inspiring and
more constructive than the Mandate gives
to the country in the following appeal:

"When we remember the causes and
effects in connection with the present chaos,
our minds are overcome with apprehension.
It is hoped that all our countrymen will
start the lesson of the past, follow and
mistakes and guide the Ship of State in
its proper direction. To this end, proper
winning of the problem which faces the
country, to prevent the President of the
Government should be respected. Party
or faction strife will be for the people
and the people are in need of ser-
vice to get things in order, to let all
do their best in this connection."

The only sign of a constructive policy
yet visible is a scheme for a National
Conference put forward by General Wu
Pei-fu, but promptly vetoed by his
superior, General TIAO KUN. His pro-
posal was that it should be a conference
not of politicians, but of merchants and
representatives of agriculture and labour
—the solid interests of the country—and
that this conference should lay down the
broad lines of policy on which the Govern-
ment should direct its energies. In some
such scheme as this seems to us to lie the
highest hopes for the salvation of the coun-
try. We share the view of our Tientsin con-
temporary the Times when it says: "Let
those who are attempting to reorganise the
Government enlist the merchant class on
their side, and they will create a cohesive
force against which the petty jealousies of
rival politicians, and the ambitions of
individual militarists, will be of no avail.
The vested interests which in this, as in
every other recent political crisis, will be
arrayed against reunion and efficiency will
melt away if the Chinese merchant classes,
throughout the territory of the Republic,
pledge their financial and moral support to
a Central Government whose members
are no longer permitted to play ducks and
drakes with the national revenue." In
the military element of the country we can
see no sign of constructive statesmanship,
and, as the recent crisis has apparently
brought the question of the systematic
disbandment of superfluous troops more
definitely within the range of practical
politics, our confidence is increased that a
National Conference, in which the mer-
chant class intelligence, commonsense and
earnest patriotism are adequately repre-
sented, would exert a beneficent influence
upon the general situation in China better
calculated "to save the country" than
any other means yet suggested.

Sergt. Eccleshall of the R.A.M.C., has
been appointed a second class Sanitary
Inspector.

Inspector Simmons of the Sanitary De-
partment, has been granted leave of absence
for three months.

A mandate has been issued appointing
Mr. Wellington Koo China's representative
to the League of Nations.

A Chinese actor who appeared in a case
at the Mixed Court, Shanghai, last month,
was stated to be earning Tls. 1,500 a month
in a local theatre.

A European mail is expected in to-
morrow by the Kaito and another on Sun-
day by the Curlew, both mails coming
via Negapatam.

Mr. E. Marshall Wood, (of Messrs.
Little, Adams and Wood, Hongkong) has
been elected a member of the Royal
Institute of British Architects.

Mr. George E. Lerrigo, General Secre-
tary of the Chinese Y.M.C.A. in South
China, who has been on furlough in
America, is expected back in Canton next
month.

At the Full Court sitting, yesterday,
Mr. W. H. Drummond mentioned that the
case in regard to the Kung Hong, now
being heard, may go before the Privy
Council.

A 13-year old Chinese girl was admitted
to the Government Civil Hospital on
Monday, suffering from injuries received
through falling from a tram-car while
attempting to alight when the car was in
motion.

Sir Basilist Fletcher, F.R.I.B.A., ex-
sheriff of the City of London, has received
among other decorations for war service
from the Allied Governments the Grand
Cordon of the Order of the Excellent Crop,
from the President of China.

Sub-Inspector Hodge of the Hongkong
Police Force having retired leaves the
Colony on pension, on the 20th inst. by the
Kalgus. He served in the force for sixteen
years and when war broke out joined up
and was one of the "Old Contemptibles."

The death is announced at Peking of
Rear Admiral C. T. Hutchins of the United
States Navy, as a result of paralytic stroke.
Admiral Hutchins, who came to Peking a
year ago to visit his son, Commodore C. T.
Hutchins, the United States Naval Attache,
had been ill for several months.

A fire broke out at noon yesterday in a
match at Tait Se Min near the Ming
Yung Gardens. The flames spread rapidly,
and within five minutes the structure was
completely destroyed. The outbreak is
attributed to sparks from a cooking stove
leaving alight the steps. Damage to stock-
ing and other property amounted to \$50.

From the annual Report of the Hongkong
Police Magistrates' Courts, just issued,
we learn that the number of cases before
the Courts during the year 1919 was 12,998,
as compared with 10,001 in the previous
year, and that the revenue was \$90,551.35
as compared with \$89,000 in 1918. The
expenditure was \$40,774.21, practically the
same as in the previous year.

During the week ended August 14th,
there were reported in the Colony two cases
(two deaths) of plague; one case (one
death) of cholera; two cases (one death) of
enteric fever; two cases (two deaths) of cere-
bro-spinal fever and two cases (two deaths)
of influenza. On Monday there was one case
(one death) of plague and one case (one
death) of cerebro-spinal fever.

The Hon. John James MacLaren, Chief
Justice of the Supreme Court of Tokoro,
and Vice-President of the International
Sunday School Association, Mr. Frank
Brown, the Secretary-General of the
Association, and eighteen other executive
members, constituting the advice party of
the Sunday School Convention to be held
in Tokyo in October, have arrived in Japan.
Prominent Japanese merchants, bankers
and officials are offering their residences
for the members coming to attend the Con-
ference.

Twenty additional Japanese police for
the Shanghai Municipal Police have been
recruited through the assistance of the
metropolitan police of Tokio. Authoriza-
tion for the employment of these men was
granted by the ratepayers last year and
this year, but the men could not be
obtained last year. About three years ago
30 Japanese officers and men were engaged
in Japan and since then have been on duty
in the Hongkong districts, under a Japanese
inspector. The object was to increase the
strength of the Municipal Police up to a
total of 50 men; hence these new arrivals.

CORRESPONDENCE.

INCOME TAX EXEMPTIONS
FOR FOREIGN RESIDENTS.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONGKONG
DAILY PRESS"]

SIR,—In the course of my business I
have frequently been asked as to whether
residents abroad can reclaim income-tax,
and for general information I give below
an extract from the form which shows
clearly, I think, what can be claimed.</

RIOTS IN IRELAND.
MILITARY PATROL FIRED ON.

LONDON, August 17th.

Signs of the end of the shipbuilding boom increase daily. Reports from America show that contracts for 73 ships were cancelled in June on account of the condition of the freight market. Big American yards, operating fifty ships during the war, are slowing down.

Onda, Smith and Butcher).
 ONE-LENGTH DRESS RACE (LADIES).—
 Miss Hamby, 2; Miss Jennings.
 TWO-LENGTHS HANDICAP (BOYS).—1,
 Remedios, 2, Leach.
 TWO-LENGTHS HANDICAP (LADIES).—1,
 Miss Wheeler, 2; Miss Wincheak.
 FOUR LENGTHS.—1, D. Logan, 2, F.
 Boca Pereira.
 HIGH DIVE.—1, D. Laing, 2, Cpl.
 Ewing, 3, G. Jack.

At Monheim, Pa., is the famous church of William Henry Spangier. This church, which is known as the Red Rose church, says the Automobile Blue Book, is annually the scene of a peculiar custom. Spangier sold the land upon which the church is located to the congregation in 1772, for 25 shillings and a ground rent of "one red rose" to be paid annually to himself or his heirs by each of the members of the congregation. The custom still prevails, and makes beautiful ceremony. In 1906, the

He notably left a deeper impression than the man whose memory Parliament has recently decided to honour by a permanent memorial.

THE HOMER

In about the year 1800 there was a change due to death in the office of Chairman of the Mason University College in Birmingham. It was thought to fill the vacancy from the first rising held under the new routine, thinking it better to have the new routine than begin to mope. However, the splendid thing was that the new routine was not

IMPERIAL PREFERENCE.
WONDERFUL IN DETAIL.
 He was compelled to hold over for many days, although some of his personal agents wrote thousands of letters in factoring waited many hours in a queue in order to stand and listen for his master's voice. He fought a desperate fight to attempt to carry out practically all his marketing commitments. His first opponents, South and Lord George, beat him.

by Mr. Chamberlain's misquoting, but devoted admirers, some twenty years ago, should have inherited his mantle. There are many points of resemblance between the careers and the temperaments of the idol of Birmingham and the idol of Wales. Playfully they were very much alike; other differences were rather less different. They both had a certain making of plans and forecasts which drew to their conclusion, and both will be remembered by British as well as by Welshmen.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

INWARD MAILS

From	To	Days
JAPAN	Tokyo	18th Aug
SHANGHAI	Shanghai	18th Aug
YOKOHAMA	Yokohama	18th Aug
EUROPE (via NEAPOLIS)	London	18th Aug
EUROPE (via NEAPOLIS)	London	18th Aug
EUROPE (via NEAPOLIS)	London	18th Aug
EUROPE (via NEAPOLIS)	London	18th Aug
EUROPE (via NEAPOLIS)	London	18th Aug

OUTWARD MAILS

For	Per	Days
*Shanghai and North China	Tungshing	Wednesday 18th 9.00 A.M.
Singapore, Bangkok, Ceylon, Mauritius, Straits, Hongkong, India, Japan, via MARSEILLES	Lahore	Wednesday 18th 9.00 A.M.
Singapore, Bangkok, Ceylon, India, Japan, via MARSEILLES	Lahore	Wednesday 18th 9.00 A.M.
*Shanghai, N. C. Japan, via Kobe, and San Francisco	West Nippon	Wednesday 18th 4.00 P.M.
Fort Bayard, Hainan and Hainan	Hainan	Wednesday 18th 5.00 P.M.
Amoy, Swatow and Straits	Amoy	Wednesday 18th 5.00 P.M.
Shanghai and North China	Shanghai	Wednesday 18th 5.00 P.M.
Philippine Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via Thursday Island	Alki Maru	Thursday 19th 8.45 A.M.
Shanghai and N. China	Shanghai	Thursday 19th 11.00 A.M.
Singapore, Bangkok, Egypt and EUROPE via LIVERPOOL	Alki Maru	Thursday 19th 11.00 A.M.
*Japan via Yokohama	Yokohama	Thursday 19th 11.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands, Formosa, via Keelung, Shanghai, N. China, Japan, via MARSEILLES	Alki Maru	Friday 20th 8.00 A.M.
*Central and South America, and EUROPE via VICTORIA B.C.	Alki Maru	Friday 20th 8.00 A.M.
Hainan, Pakhoi and Haiphong	Hainan	Friday 20th 8.00 A.M.
Shanghai, N. China, Japan, via MARSEILLES	Alki Maru	Friday 20th 10.00 A.M.
Singapore, Bangkok, Ceylon, India, Japan, via MARSEILLES	Alki Maru	Friday 20th 10.00 A.M.
Amoy, Swatow and Straits	Amoy	Friday 20th 10.00 A.M.
Shanghai and North China	Shanghai	Friday 20th 10.00 A.M.
Philippine Islands	Philippine Islands	Friday 20th 10.00 A.M.

* Correspondence bearing vessel's name only

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.

REGULAR AND FAST FREIGHT AND PASSENGER SERVICES.

LONDON SERVICE

(DIRECT)

PROMETHEUS	21st Aug. London & Hamburg
PHOTON	31st Aug. London, Amsterdam & Hamburg
ACHILLES	9th Sept. London, Amsterdam & Antwerp
MENTOR	21st Sept. London, Amsterdam & Antwerp
KEEMUN	12th Oct. London, Amsterdam & Hamburg

LIVERPOOL SERVICE

(DIRECT OR VIA CONTINENTAL PORTS)

ALCINOUS	20th Aug. Havre & Liverpool
BELLEROPHON	25th Aug. Genoa, Marseilles, Lpool & Glasgow
RHESUS	4th Sept. Havre & Liverpool
CYCLOPS	11th Sept. Genoa, Marseilles, Lpool & Glasgow

PACIFIC SERVICE

(VIA KOBE AND YOKOHAMA)

IXION	20th Aug. Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver
TALITHYBIUS	6th Sept. Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver
TYNDAREUS	6th Oct. Victoria, Seattle & Vancouver

NEW YORK SERVICE

(VIA SUZUKI OR PANAMA)

See separate joint advertisement.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SERVICE

ALCINOUS	20th Aug. for Liverpool via Havre
MENTOR	21st Sept. for London direct
STENTON	8th Oct. for London direct
PETRESIAN	20th Oct. for London direct

FOR FREIGHT AND ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

[24]

ASIA BANKING CORPORATION

AN AMERICAN BANK

Capital \$4,000,000. Surplus \$1,100,000.

Head Office, New York, U.S.A.

BRANCHES	TIEN TSIEN	MANILA	PEKING
HANKOW	CANTON	CHANGSHA	

All Departments of banking business transacted.

Interest allowed on Current Savings Accounts and Fixed Deposits in Local Currency, U.S. Dollars, Sterling or France.

American Bankers Association and Guaranty Trust Company of New York Travelers' Cheques Sold by us.

Payable Throughout the World.

D. M. WIGGLES

Hong Kong Manager

COMMERCIAL

OPENING QUOTATIONS

On London 1st	100/11
On India 1st	100/11
On Hongkong 1st	100/11
On Shanghai 1st	100/11
On Yokohama 1st	100/11
On Manila 1st	100/11
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